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Rhodora

[NOVEMBER

Duck Bight, 1 km. north of Ryan's Bay, August 24, 1926, R. H. Woodworth, no. 446 (as T. ceratophorum); granitic rock under 760 m., Razorback Mt., Ryan's Bay, August 23, 1926, Woodworth, no. 444; granitic cliffs at 150–600 m., Head of Nachvak Bay, August 17, 1926, Woodworth, no. 443 (TYPE in Gray Herb.).

Taraxacum torngatense is proposed with some hesitation. Superficially it is suggestive of the most attenuate states of *T. lapponicum*, but the very attenuate and almost to quite smooth achenes and the very long pyramid seem to set it off very definitely from its allies. Much fuller material, especially in ripe fruit, is needed. Writing of the type-number in a letter of November 14, 1927, Dahlstedt said: "Undoubtedly a good new species, very well characterized through the almost smooth reddish-brown fruits."

(To be continued.)

ARISTIDA LONGESPICA IN CONNECTICUT.—In RHODORA XXXV. 318 (Sept. 1930) Prof. Fernald pointed out that the New England plant passing as Aristida longespica Poir. (A. gracilis Ell.) is not the typical form of that species but the more northern var. geniculata (Raf.) Fern. At the time his paper was written, he had seen no specimens of the typical form from any point north of southeastern Pennsylvania. Since then, however, there has come to the Gray Herbarium a specimen collected by R. W. Woodward in "dry soil, Plain Road," Franklin, Connecticut, which Prof. Fernald determines as typical A. longespica,—the range of which is accordingly to be extended to eastern Connecticut.—C. A. WEATHERBY, Gray Herbarium.

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